IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF ALABAMA NORTHERN DIVISION

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA)
v.) CASE NO. 2:06cr144-WKW
)
PAUL MEREZ GRAHAM)
a/k/a PAUL MONREZ GRAHAM)

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA'S MOTION FOR A FINAL ORDER OF FORFEITURE

The United States of America, by its undersigned counsel, respectfully submits its Motion for a Final Order of Forfeiture in the above-entitled case and states as follows:

That on May 13, 2008, this Court entered a Preliminary Order of Forfeiture (Doc. #107) ordering defendant Paul Merez Graham to forfeit:

one Israeli Military Industries (IMI), Model Uzi Eagle, .40 caliber pistol, bearing serial number 96311044; and,

one Ruger pistol, 9mm caliber, Model P89, bearing serial number 313-80221.

Following entry of an order of forfeiture in a criminal case, the government must publish notice of the order in a manner consistent with the provisions of Title 21, United States Code, Section 853(n)(1) which gives the Attorney General plenary authority to prescribe the manner of such notice. The Attorney General has determined that the provisions of Rule G(4) of the Supplemental Rules for Admiralty or Maritime and Asset Forfeiture Claims ("Supplemental Rules") should be the manner of such notice.

Rule G. Forfeiture Actions In Rem

- (4) Notice.
 - (a) Notice by Publication.
 - (i) When Publication Is Required. A judgment of forfeiture may be entered only if the government has published notice of the action within a reasonable time after filing the complaint or at a time the court orders. But notice need not be published if:
 - (A) the defendant property is worth less than \$1,000 and direct notice is sent under Rule G(4)(b) to every person the government can reasonably identify as a potential claimant; or
 - (B) the court finds that the cost of publication exceeds the property's value and that other means of notice would satisfy due process.

Pursuant to this rule, publication of notice of a criminal order of forfeiture is not required if one of the exceptions in Rule G(4) (a) applies. The Rule provides that no publication is necessary if the property is of *de minimus* value or if the court finds that the cost of publication exceeds the property's value.

The exceptions apply in this case and publication is not required as the property is worth less than \$1,000 and the cost of publication exceeds its value. Further, the only known potential claimant to the property is the defendant in this action.

Accordingly, the United States respectfully requests that this Court enter a Final Order of Forfeiture as proposed in the attached Order, without the necessity of notice in accordance with Rule G(4).

Defense counsel does not oppose entry of a Final Order of Forfeiture.

Respectfully submitted this 25^{th} day of July, 2008.

LEURA G. CANARY UNITED STATES ATTORNEY

/s/Tommie Brown Hardwick

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on July 25, 2008, I electronically filed the foregoing with the Clerk of the Court using the CM/ECF system which will send notification of such filing to all counsel of record.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/Tommie Brown Hardwick
TOMMIE BROWN HARDWICK
Assistant United States Attorney